

GASTROPHRYNE CAROLINENSIS (Eastern Narrow-mouthed Toad). USA: MISSOURI: CAPE GIRARDEAU Co.: Juden Creek Conservation Area, 4.1 km NNE of Cape Girardeau (37.339195, 89.497261; WGS 84). 6 September 2014. E. J. Kessler. Verified by C. A. Phillips. Illinois Natural History Survey (INHS 2014af, photo voucher). New county record (Daniel and Edmond 2014. Atlas of Missouri Amphibians and Reptiles for 2013. <<http://atlas.mohp.org/pubs/atlas13.pdf>>). Single specimen found under log in woods at the top of a bluff.

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INCILIUS (= BUFO) NEBULIFER (Gulf Coast Toad). USA: TEXAS: ERATH Co.: Tarleton State University, Stephenville, Texas (32.216621°N, 98.220934°W; WGS 84). 18 September 2014. Jacob D. Owen and Colt Hamilton. Verified by Carl Franklin. Amphibian and Reptile Diversity Research Center (UTA A-63146). New county record (Dixon 2013. Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas: with Keys, Taxonomic Synopses, Bibliography, and Distribution Maps. Texas A&M University Press, College Station, Texas. 447 pp.). Individual (16.4 g) found on Tarleton State University grounds at 0615 h on concrete sidewalk after a rainstorm. Specimen was collected under a Texas Parks and Wildlife Hunting Permit issued to Jacob D. Owen (#776440018849).

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INCILIUS OCCIDENTALIS (Pine Toad). MÉXICO: HIDALGO: MUNICIPALITY OF METZITILÁN: Reserva de la Biosfera Barranca de Metztitlán near Acalometlán (20.46984°N, 98.67137°W; WGS 84), 1306 m elev. 8 October 2011. René Flores Vargas. Verified by Irene Goyenechea. Colección Herpetológica Fotográfica, Centro de Investigaciones Biológicas, Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo (CH-CIB 04, photo voucher). First municipality record and first record for Reserva de la Biosfera Barranca de Metztitlán. This specimen represents a range extension of 35.57 km NW from closest known, but unnamed locality in the Municipality of Agua Blanca de Iturbide (Ramírez-Bautista et al. 2010. Lista Anotada de los Anfibios y Reptiles del Estado de Hidalgo, México. Univ. Autón. Est. de Hidalgo, CONABIO. 104 pp.). The toad was found in the morning under a rock on the bank of Río Venados, surrounded by desert scrub habitat.

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PHRYNOBATRACHUS OGOENSIS (Ogooué River Frog). GABON: OGOOUÉ-IVINDO PROVINCE: Buffer Zone of Lopé National Park, Ramba Village (00.3635°S, 11.7872°E; WGS 84), 220 m elev. 6 June 2013. J. G. Larson. Verified by J. Rosado. Museum of Comparative Zoology (MCZ A-149217). Identification was made via comparison to the original species description (Boulenger 1906. *Annali del Museo Civico di Storia Naturale di Genova*. Serie 3, 2:157–172) and a topotype (MCZ A-14831). Mitochondrial data from 16S ribosomal DNA (GenBank Accession KP247505), the first genetic data for this species, was compared to all other known species of *Phrynobatrachus* for which comparable genetic data exist and was at minimum 6.19% divergent. This is the first

record of this species outside of the type locality “Lambarene, Ogowe,” in west-central Gabon, extending the known range approximately 175 km E. It is also the first record of this species in the vicinity of a protected area of Gabon, suggesting that this species is also found within the Lopé National Park boundaries. A single gravid female was collected from leaf litter in secondary forest. The specimen was collected under permits from Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique et Technologique (CENAREST; AR0013/13), Agence Nationale des Parcs Nationaux (ANPN; AE130014) and Direction de la Faune et de la Chasse (82/DGFAP).

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PIPA CARVALHOI (Carvalho's Suriname Toad). BRAZIL: RIO GRANDE DO NORTE: MUNICIPALITY OF SANTA MARIA: Agreste region, 60 km W Natal (5.854°S, 35.701°W; WGS 84), 137 m elev. 13 June 2014. Jaqueiuto Jorge. Verified by U. Caramaschi. Coleção Herpetológica da Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte, Natal, Rio Grande do Norte, Brazil (UFRN 4142, 4143). Two adult males (UFRN 4142: 30.65 mm SVL, UFRN 4143: 30.46 mm SVL) collected in pond near a rock outcrop. MUNICIPALITY OF TENENTE LAURENTINO CRUZ: Seridó region, 170 km W Natal (6.157°S, 36.731°W; WGS 84), 703 m elev. 13 July 2014. Marcelo Kokubum. Verified by U. Caramaschi. UFRN 3457. Adult female (49.51 mm SVL) collected in a pitfall trap in the Caatinga region. This species is only known from the Brazilian states of Pernambuco, Ceará, Paraíba, Bahia, Sergipe, Minas Gerais and Espírito Santo (Miranda-Ribeiro 1937. O campo 1937:54–56; Myers and Carvalho 1945. *Boletim do Museu Nacional do Rio de Janeiro, Nova Série Zoologia* 35:1–24; Arzabe 1999. *Revista Brasileira de Zoologia* 16:851–864; Silvano and Pimenta 2003. In Prado et al. [eds], *Corredor de Biodiversidade da Mata Atlântica do Sul da Bahia*. CD-ROM, IESB/CI/CABS/UFGM/UNICAMP, Ilhéus; Vieira et al. 2007. *Oecologia Brasiliensis* 11:383–396; Silva et al. 2010. *Check List* 6:451–453; Santana et al. 2014. *Check List* 10:407–408). First state record extending the distribution of the species ca. 160 km NE from the Municipality of Boa Vista, Paraíba (Vieira et al. 2007, *op. cit.*) for Santa Maria and ca. 120 km NW to Tenente Laurentino Cruz, closing a gap in the distribution of the species. Specimens were collected under permits issued by SISBIO/ICMBio (#12734-1).

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PIPA PIPA (Surinam Toad). BRAZIL: CEARÁ: MUNICIPALITY OF FORTALEZA: Açude Itaperi (3.791714°S, 38.554821°W; WGS 84). 20 January 2014. K. S. Serra. Verified by P.S. Bernarde. Coleção Herpetológica da Universidade Federal do Ceará, Fortaleza, Ceará, Brazil (CHUFC A 6749). This species was previously known from basins of Amazonian biome (Suriname, Guyana, Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia and Brazilian Amazon) and the states of Mato Grosso and Goiás in Brazil (Alves-Pinto et al. 2014).